

HW09 - REDOX and Electrochemical Cells

Question 1

3.0 pts

3.0 pts

Balance the skeletal equation of hydrazine with chlorate ions, shown below:

$$N_2H_4(g) + CIO_3^-(aq) \longrightarrow NO(g) + CI^-(aq)$$

The reaction takes place in basic solution. What is the smallest possible integer coefficient of ClO₃⁻ in the balanced equation?

- a. 1
- b. 3
- c. 2
- d. 4

Identify the reducing agent in the reaction in question 1.

Question 2

a. CIO₃⁻

- b. Cl⁻
- c. N_2H_4
- d. NO

In the reaction of thiosulfate ion with chlorine gas in an acidic solution, what is the reducing agent?

 $Cl_2(g) + S_2O_3^{2-}(aq) \longrightarrow Cl^{-}(aq) + SO_4^{2-}(aq)$ a. Cl₂

3.0 pts

b.
$$S_2O_3^{2-}$$

- c. S²⁺
- d. CI

What is the smallest possible integer coefficient of SO 42- in the combined balanced equation?

3.0 pts

Balance the reaction in question 3 using oxidation and reduction half-reactions.

a. 1 b. 4

- c. 3
- d. 2

Three questions: (1) Which side does water end up on? (2) What is the

 $MnO_4^- + HCOOH \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2$

3.0 pts

coefficient for H^+ ? (3) What is the coefficient for formic acid (HCOOH)? a. right; 5; 5

 $ClO_2^- \rightarrow ClO_2 + Cl^-$

questions: (1) What is the total number of electrons transferred? (2) What is the coefficient for CIO₂? (3) Which side of the reaction is H⁺ and what is it's

All species are aqueous (aq). Balance this reaction and answer these

- d. right; 4; 2
- e. right; 6; 5
- Chlorate ion in acidic solution will decompose to form chlorine dioxide and

chloride ions:

coefficient?

c. 4 e-; 2; right 2 d. 4 e-; 4; left 4 e. 3 e-; 2; right 4

- Question 7
- Consider the cell reaction represented by the skeletal equation: $Mn(s) + Ti^{2+}(aq) \longrightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + Ti(s)$

1.10 V

voltmeter

What is the proper cell diagram for this reaction?

a. $Mn^{2+}(aq) | Mn(s) || Ti(s) | Ti^{2+}(aq)$

b. $Mn(s) | Mn^{2+}(aq) || Ti^{2+}(aq) | Ti(s)$

c. $Ti(s) | Ti^{2+}(aq) || Mn^{2+}(aq) | Mn(s)$

salt bridge

1M Zn2+(aq)

- In this electrochemical cell, what is the reduction half reaction?
- In a galvanic cell...
 - b. oxidation takes place at the cathode c. electrical energy is used to reverse spontaneous chemical reactions

d. electrolytes are added to carry electrons between electrodes

- In a working electrochemical cell (a galvanic cell or a battery), the cations in the salt bridge move toward the cathode.
 - a. It depends on the charge of the cation.
 - b. It is impossible to tell unless we know if the cathode is "+" or "-".
 - d. True

Question 3

Question 4

Question 5 Balance the following equation between permanganate and formic acid in acid solution:

b. left; 2; 5

- c. left; 6; 3
- Question 6 3.0 pts

a. 5 e-; 5; left 6 b. 2 e-; 1; left 2

f. 4 e-; 3; left 2

3.0 pts

d. $Ti^{2+}(aq) | Ti(s) | | Mn(s) | Mn^{2+}(aq)$

Question 8

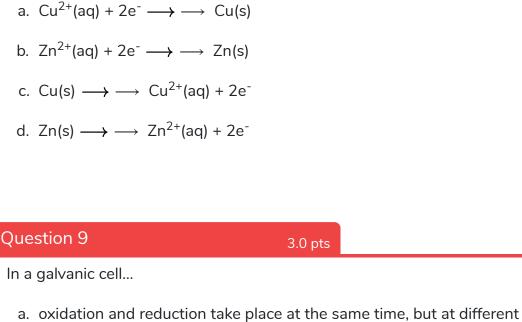
Zinc

(anode)

3.0 pts

1M Cu2+(aq)

Copper (cathode)



Question 10

electrodes

3.0 pts

c. False