

HW 01 - CH301 Review, Phase Changes, and Vapor Pressure

Question 1

2.0 pts

Given that you have 14.5 moles of N_2 , how many moles of H_2 are theoretically needed to produce 30.0 moles of NH $_3$ according to reaction helpw?

$$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$$

- a. 15.0 moles of H₂
- b. No matter how many moles of $\rm H_2$ are added, 30.0 moles of $\rm NH_3$ cannot be produced.
- c. 45.0 moles of H₂
- d. 33.8 moles of H₂

Question 2

.75 pt

Consider the following reaction:

$$2NH_3 + CH_3OH \rightarrow products$$

How much NH_3 is needed to react completely with 34g of CH_3OH ?

- a. 9g NH₃
- b. $36g\ NH_3$
- c. $128g\ NH_3$
- d. 1.3g NH₃

Question 3

1 75 nts

Ice is heated at a constant pressure until it melts and vaporizes. What signs are associated with the total change in entropy and enthalpy (ΔS and ΔH) for this sample of water?

- a. $\Delta S = +$, $\Delta H = +$
- b. ΔS = --, ΔH = --
- c. ΔS = +, Δ H = --
- d. $\Delta S = --, \Delta H = +$

uestion 4

1.75 pt

Which of the phase changes below might have a $\Delta H = 11.6 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$?

- a. evaporation
- b. freezing
- c. deposition
- d. condensation

Question

1.75 pt

Which of the following statements is ALWAYS true about deposition?

- a. ΔS > 0
- b. None of the other answers are correct
- c. ΔH < 0
- d. ΔG < 0

Question 6

.75 pts

Consider liquid ethane (CH $_3$ CH $_3$) and liquid methanol (CH $_3$ OH). Which would you expect to have a larger Δ H of vaporization?

- a. Ethane, because it has stronger IMFs.
- b. Methanol because it has a larger molar mass.
- c. Methanol, because it has stronger IMFs.
- d. It is impossible to tell unless you know the amount of each liquid involved.

Question 7

.75 pts

What is the change in entropy (ΔS_{vap}) for the vaporization of ethanol ($\Delta H_{vap} = 38.6 \text{ kJ·mol}^{-1}$) at its standard boiling temperature (78.4 °C)?

- a. 0.110 J·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹
- b. 492 J·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹
- c. 0.492 J·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹
- d. $110 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$

Question

L.75 pt

The ΔH°_{vap} of methane is 8.519 kJ·mol⁻¹ and its ΔS°_{vap} is 85.58 J·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹

- ¹. What is the boiling point of methane?
- a. 99.54 K
- b. 0.09954 K
- c. 372.54 K
- d. 0.09954 °C

Question

.75 pts

How much heat is required to heat 2 grams of ice at -30° C to steam at 100° C. Use the approximate values below for your calculations:

$$c_{ice} = 2 J g^{-1} \circ C^{-1}$$

$$\Delta H_{fus} = 340 \text{ J g}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{vap}} = 2260 \text{ J g}^{-1}$$

$$c_{steam}$$
 = 2 J g^{-1} °C $^{-1}$

- a. 6.12 kJ
- b. 1.60 kJ
- c. 6.00 kJ
- d. 6120 kJ

Ouestion 10

Which of the following would change the vapor pressure of a sample of water in a closed container?

- 1. decreasing the size of the container
- 2. lower the container temperature
- 3. removing water from the container
- a. 1, 2, and 3
- b. 2 only
- c. 1 and 2
- d. 2 and 3

Question 11

1.75 pt

Which would have a higher vapor pressure: ethanol (C $_2{\rm H}_5{\rm OH})$ or dimethyl ether (CH $_3{\rm OCH}_3)?$

- a. ethanol
- b. dimethyl ether
- They would have the same vapor pressure as their molecular weights are the same.
- d. It is impossible to tell unless the amount of each substance is known.

Question 12

1.75 pt

Rank the following liquids by vapor pressure from lowest to highest:

 $C_5H_{12},\,CH_4,\,C_3H_8,\,C_2H_6,\,C_4H_{10}.$

- a. $C_2H_6 < C_3H_8 < C_4H_{10} < C_5H_{12} < CH_4$
- b. $CH_4 < C_2H_6 < C_3H_8 < C_4H_{10} < C_5H_{12}$
- c. $CH_4 < C_5H_{12} < C_4H_{10} < C_3H_8 < C_2H_6$
- $d. \ \ \, C_{5}H_{12} < C_{4}H_{10} < C_{3}H_{8} < C_{2}H_{6} < CH_{4}$

Question 13

1.75 pt

In a closed vessel containing water, the pressure is 18 torr. If we add more water to the vessel, this equilibrium pressure would...

- a. increase.
- b. decrease.
- c. change, but it is not possible to know if it will increase or decrease without more information.
- d. remain the same.

Question 14

1.75 pts

Consider two empty containers A and B whose volumes are 10mL and 20mL respectively. 1mL of liquid water is put into each container and the temperature of each container is adjusted to 20°C . The gas pressure in container B, which still has some liquid water in it, is found to be 17 torr. How would the pressure in container A and the amount of liquid water in container A compare to that of container B?

- a. the pressure would be the same, there would be an equal amount of liquid water
- b. the pressure would be greater, there would be an equal amount of liquid water
- c. the pressure would be the same, there would be more liquid water
- d. the pressure would be greater, there would be less liquid water

Ougstion 15

75 nts

What is the vapor pressure of carbon disulfide at its normal boiling point?

- a. 22.4 atm
- b. 1.0 atm
- c. 2.0 atm
- d. Not enough information.

Question 16

75 pts

At 20° C the vapor pressure of dry ice is 56.5 atm. If 10g of dry ice (solid CO_2) is placed in an evacuated 0.25 L chamber at a constant 20° C, will all of the solid sublime?

- a. Some of the dry ice will sublime, but not all of it.
- b. None of dry ice would sublime.
- c. There is not enough information to answer this question.
- d. Yes.

uestion 17

1.75 pts

An unknown liquid has a vapor pressure of 88 mmHg at 45°C and 39 mmHg at 25°C . What is its heat of vaporization?

- a. 2000 kJ/mol
- b. 32,000 kJ/mol
- c. 32 kJ/mol
- d. 2000 J/mol