HWC)4 - Electrochemical Applications
$Pt \mid H_2 \mid$ What is O Pt O Pt	Thand notation for a standard cell is: $H^+ \mid\mid Co^{3+}, Co^{2+} \mid\mid Pt$ the purpose of Pt? is an inert electrode used to conduct electrons into the external circuit is the oxidizing agent is being both oxidized an reduced is the reducing agent
O Yo	ght you use an inert electrode in your standard cell set-up? Our half-reaction has the solid on the product side of the reaction Our half-reaction has the solid on the reactant side of the reaction Our half-reaction involves aqueous ions being reduced into metal Our half-reaction does not include a solid state conductor
O th O th	aday (the F constant we use in Faraday's law) represents e standard potential of one mole electron e current delivered by an electron over one minute e total charge on an individual electron e total charge on one mole of electrons
surface for a total To be clear O 37 O 4	or little league baseball bat is made by electroplating solid cobalt on a metal from a concentrated cobalt(II) chloride solution. If 3.80 amps of current is passed al of two and a half days, what is the mass of the solid cobalt surface? To you are reducing cobalt(II) ions in solution to form cobalt solid. To g To g To g To g
concent	it takes 291 seconds to electroplate 65.3 mg of chromium metal from a rated aqueous solution of chromium ions with an average current of 1.25 amps. the oxidation state (the charge) of the chromium ions in solution?
such as l a batch o What is	
7 6 points Calculate Cu Cu ² Convert O -1 O 32	e the voltage of the following cell at nonstandard conditions: + (0.150 M) Cu ²⁺ (.0120 M) Cu your final answer to mV. 6.2 mV 2.4 mV 2.4 mV
8 5 points Consider Cu Cu ² If you would have would have	
connection and the second of t	Intration cell is made by putting two Ag ⁺ solutions in separate beakers and ling them with a wire and a salt bridge. The cathode has a concentration of 3.80 M anode has a concentration of 0.0150 M. What type of cell is this at these dard conditions? Ditaic ectrolytic ne nonstandard cell potential is equal to 0 for these conditions.
cathode Mn M The volt the cath O 3. O 0. O 14	r the following non-standard cell with an unknown concentration of Mn ²⁺ in the compartment: n ²⁺ (0.20M) Mn ²⁺ (? M) Mn age of this cell is measured to be +8.9 mV. What is the concentration of Mn ²⁺ in odic solution? 5 M 20 M 10 M 14 M 40 M
Copper id	the cell potential for the following nonstandard cell made from only copper and
+1.75 V, complete this would have the second of the second	ch energy (electrical work) is produced from a redox reaction with a potential of and passing 3 moles of electrons? Assume the fully balanced reaction is run to ion. An example of a generic reaction (before cancelling out the electrons) like
flashligh have stu	examining a non-rechargeable D-cell battery that you are about to put in a t. You see that one end is labeled+ and the other is labeled Now that you died batteries, you know that the + indicates the end of the battery that is the: node
You turn or two. No these ball. The chill. The chill. The chill. The chill. The chill. E _{cell} in the chill. E _{cell} in the chill. All the chill. All the chill. All the chill. All the chills.	on a flashlight containing brand new NiCad batteries and keep it lit for a minute Which of the following can be considered TRUE regarding the chemical state of tteries?
Select all tha	ry battery is at apply if necessary. voltaic cell electrolytic cell chargeable
Select all that	dary cell can be
typical c	etal (in various oxidation states) is present at both the cathode and the anode in a ar battery? dmium ckel hium
dies and why you O Th O Th	t you car and begin driving. After about 10 to 15 minutes of driving your car just will not restart. Which of the following reasons is the most logical explanation r car died? The alternator is not properly recharging the battery as you are driving the battery is damaged and you need to buy a new one the alternator is running your battery as an electrolytic cell the battery was completely dead when you started your car
seconda O no O no	dary battery that is discharging is running a chemical reaction and a ry battery that is recharging is running a chemical reaction. Onspontaneous, spontaneous Ontaneous, spontaneous ontaneous, nonspontaneous ontaneous, nonspontaneous
differ on Th of ab	Imon alkaline cell batteries (D, AA, AAA, etc.) share the same voltage but the basis that The maximum current that can be delivered is inversely proportional to the radius the battery - so the smaller battery (AAA) is more concentrated and therefore alle to deliver more current. The maximum current that can be delivered is proportional to the surface area of the electrodes - so the bigger battery sizes are able to deliver more current.
What is O O	redox reaction in a fuel cell is given below: $2H_2 + O_2 \longrightarrow H_2O$ the reaction at the anode in a fuel cell? $2 \longrightarrow 2 O^{2+} + 4e^{-}$ $2 \longrightarrow 2H^+ + 2e^{-}$ $2 + 4e^{-} \longrightarrow 2 O^{2-}$ $4 + OH^- \longrightarrow H_2O$
products Select all t	a good idea to make a battery out of standard conditions (1 M of all aqueous s). Instead, you can modify the concentrations so that
Pb What are 0 0, +2 0 0, 0 0,	the following three species involving lead in various oxidation states: PbSO ₄ PbO ₂ the oxidation states of lead in the order that the species are written? -2, +4 2, 0, -4 -2, -4 +2, +4
Which s M M Zr	rall reaction for an alkaline battery is: $2MnO_2(s) + Zn(s) \rightarrow Mn_2O_3(s) + ZnO(s)$ pecies is oxidized as the battery is used? $n_2O_3(s)$ $nO_2(s)$ $n(s)$ $n(s)$
I. alkaliı II. NiMI	f the following batteries are rechargeable? ne battery -I battery Im battery

IV. Li-ion batteryV. Pb-acid battery

II, IV, and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{V}}$ only

I and III only

All except I

II and V only