HW06 - Bonding & Energy Transfer

Which of the following has bond angles slightly LESS than 120°? O NO₃ O CH₂O O SF₂ 0 03 Consider the compound peroxyacetylnitrate, an eye irritant in smog. Predict the indicated bond angle. 0 slightly less than 109.5° 0 90° 0 109.5° 0 slightly less than 120° 0 120° What is the shape of phosphorus pentachloride? trigonal bipyramidal 0 trigonal planar 0 octahedral tetrahedral trigonal planar Referring to the phosphorus pentachloride molecule shown above, what is the bond angle between a chlorine in the axial position and a chlorine in the equatorial position? O 180° 0 360° 0 120° 0 109.5° 0 45° 0 90 Referring again to phosphorus pentachloride, what are the bond angles between the two axial chlorine atoms? 109.5° 0 120° 0 90° 0 180° 5 points What is the shape of sulfur hexachloride? 0 octahedral 0 tetrahedral 0 trigonal bipyramid

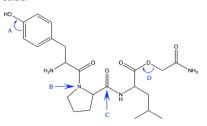
0

trigonal planar

Which labelled bond angles are 120°?

- В
- D

One of the cool things you should be able to do now is look at a big molecule and make detailed conclusions about unique groups within that molecule, such as determining the shape, bond angles, and the number of implied lone pairs. Answer the following questions about this molecule shown below. Fun fact, this molecule is just a small component of the hormone oxytocin. Oxytocin is secreted as a result of social bonding and promotes feelings of closeness to



The bond angle around the carbon labeled A is
The electronic geometry around the nitrogen labeled B is
The molecular geometry around the carbon labeled C is
The bond angle around the oxygen labeled D is
There are a total of lone pairs on this molecule.
trigonal pyramidal trigonal bipyramidal tetrahedral tetrahedral tetrahedral tetrahedral tetr
iii see-saw
∷ exactly 180° ⊞slightly less than 109.5° ⊞slightly less than 180°
iio iii 30

What is the geometry around the left-most carbon in the molecule CH₂CHCH₃?

- 0 trigonal planar
- 0 tetrahedral
- \bigcirc linear
- 0 trigonal pyramidal

What is the shape (molecular geometry) of COCl₂?

- 0 T-shaped
- 0 trigonal pyramidal
- trigonal planar
- tetrahedral \circ

5 points	17 2 points
What is the molecular geometry of the nitrite ion, NO ₂ ⁻ ?	Draw the following two molecules: H ₂ S and SiH ₄ . Which one will have the stronger
O trigonal pyramidal	intermolecular forces and why?
O none of these	O H ₂ S is more polarizable
Olinear	O H ₂ S is more polar
O trigonal planar	O SiH ₄ is more polar
O bent	O SiH ₄ is more polarizable
	_
5 points A molecule has three bonds and one lone pair. What are the electronic and molecular	5 points About what percentage of Earth's dry (no water) atmosphere is able to absorb IR radiation?
geometries, respectively?	About what percentage of Earth's dry (no water) atmosphere is able to absorb it radiation? 1%
O trigonal pyramid, tetrahedral	Less than 1%
O trigonal planar, trigonal pyramid	IR is absorbed evenly by all atmospheric gases
tetrahedral, trigonal pyramid	
O tetrahedral, tetrahedral	Only gases in the mesosphere
tetrahedral, trigonal planar	Roughly 50%
5 points	19 4 points
Determine the molecular geometry of BrF ₅ .	Select the molecules that are capable of absorbing IR radiation.
This molecule exhibits "expanded valence," meaning it disobeys the octet rule that allows S = N - A to work. You can try	☐ CF ₃ CH ₂ CF ₃
it out on your own or search the internet for the structure before determining the shape.	☐ Ar
Octahedral	CH ₄
O Trigonal pyramidal	☐ Ne
O Trigonal bipyramidal	☐ H ₂ O
Square pyramidal	CO ₂
3 points	
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 ${\color{red}O} \quad 400\text{-}500 \text{ g/mol is a small molar mass, which diminishes the strength of the dipole-dipole and hydrogen bonds}$ $400\mbox{-}500\mbox{ g/mol}$ is a small molar mass, which will result in closer interactions and stronger dispersion forces

Large organic molecules can make*more* dispersion forces, which can add up to being stronger than other intermolecular forces.

0

0

23 2 points	
The ozone layer is found in the	
O Mesosphere	
O Troposphere	
O Stratosphere	
O Biosphere	
24 2 points	
You are running a chemical reaction using a catalyst. Which of the following statements is true?	
O The catalyst will speed up your reaction.	
O You will need to constantly add more catalyst because the chemical reaction will always rapidly deplete the catalyst.	
O You should not use a catalyst because it will deplete your desired products.	
O The catalyst has no affect on the reaction mechanism.	
25 2 points The depletion of the ozone layer is catalyzed by chlorine. Which of the following best relates stratospheric chlorine to ozone levels? As chlorine levels increase, ozone levels increase As chlorine levels increase, the amount of ozone depletion cannot be predicted As chlorine levels increase, ozone levels decrease	
5 points A C :Ci + B O O O :Ci + B	
Fill in each blank for the reaction shown above.	
The formal charge on the chlorine radical labeled A is equal to	
. The formal charge on the oxygen labeled B is equal to	
. The formal charge on the oxygen labeled C is equal to	
. The formal charge on the oxygen labeled D is equal to	
This reaction is the first step of the	
in the atmosphere.	
+1 -1 +2 -2 +1 +2 -1 0	
ii+1 iii+1 iii formation of chlorine gas iii addition of chlorine to ozone	
$\begin{tabular}{ll} $ & $ & $ & $ & $ & $ & $ & $ & $ & $ $	