## HW06 - Bonding & Energy Transfer

Tivvoo Borianio et Erioro, Transfer
1 5 points  Which of the following has hard angles eligibly LESS than 120°2
Which of the following has bond angles slightly LESS than 120°?  O <sub>3</sub>
O NO <sub>3</sub>
O SF <sub>2</sub>
2 5 points
Consider the compound peroxyacetylnitrate, an eye irritant in smog.
To o to
0-
Predict the indicated bond angle.
O 90°
O 109.5°
O slightly less than 109.5°
O slightly less than 120°
O 120°
3 5 points
What is the shape of phosphorus pentachloride?
CI—P.·····ICI
CI
O trigonal planar
O trigonal planar
Octahedral
O tetrahedral
trigonal bipyramidal
4 5 points
Referring to the phosphorus pentachloride molecule shown above, what is the bond
angle between a chlorine in the axial position and a chlorine in the equatorial position?
O 120°
O 360°
O 109.5° O 90°
O 90°
O 180°
O 45°
5 points
Referring again to phosphorus pentachloride, what are the bond angles between the two axial chlorine atoms?
O 90°
O 180°
O 109.5°
O 120°
6 5 points
What is the shape of sulfur hexachloride?
cı Çi _cı
CI S CI
CI
O octahedral O trigonal planar

0

tetrahedral

trigonal bipyramid

hexahedral

7 4 points

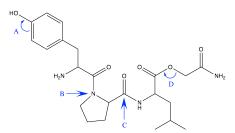
Which labelled bond angles are 120°?

		o← c
HO HO	↑ B	OH D

- В
- \_\_\_ A

8 5 points

One of the cool things you should be able to do now is look at a big molecule and make detailed conclusions about unique groups within that molecule, such as determining the shape, bond angles, and the number of implied lone pairs. Answer the following questions about this molecule shown below. Fun fact, this molecule is just a small component of the hormone, oxytocin. Oxytocin is secreted as a result of social bonding and promotes feelings of closeness to others.



The electronic geometry around the nitrogen labeled B is

choose your answer...  $\vee$  .

The molecular geometry around the carbon labeled  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$  is

choose your answer... 

The bond angle around the oxygen labeled D is choose your answer...

There are a total of choose your answer...

In the bond angle around the oxygen labeled D is choose your answer...

9 5 point

What is the geometry around the left-most carbon in the molecule  $CH_2CHCH_3$ ?

- Olinear
- O trigonal pyramidal
- O trigonal planar
- O tetrahedral

10 5 point

What is the shape (molecular geometry) of COCl<sub>2</sub>?

- T-shaped Trigonal pyramidal tetrahedral trigonal planar
- 11 5 points

What is the molecular geometry of the nitrite ion, NO<sub>2</sub> ?

O linear O trigonal pyramidal
O none of these O trigonal planar
O bent

5 points		17 4 points
A molecule has three bonds and one lone pair. What a geometries, respectively?	e the electronic and molecular	Which of the following is a concern with long-term use of HFCs?
trigonal planar, trigonal pyramid		O They absorb IR radiation, resulting in global warming risks
		O They will result in large-scale depletion of the ozone layer
tetrahedral, trigonal pyramid		They are highly toxic
tetrahedral, tetrahedral		They are flammable
trigonal pyramid, tetrahedral		
tetrahedral, trigonal planar		18 4 points
		18 4 points  Which of the following contribute significantly to the hole in the ozone layer?
5 points		Chlorofluorocarbons
Determine the molecular geometry of BrF <sub>5</sub> .		O Deforestation
This molecule exhibits "expanded valence," meaning it disobeys the octet rule that allows $S = N - A$ to work.		All of these are correct
You can try it out on your own or search the internet for the structu		
Trigonal pyramidal		O Automobile exhaust
O Square pyramidal		
Octahedral		19 4 points
Trigonal bipyramidal		The ozone layer is found in the
		Troposphere
_		Stratosphere
5 points		O Mesosphere
About what percentage of Earth's dry (no water) atmos radiation?	phere is able to absorb IR	O Biosphere
Roughly 50%		
Only gases in the mesosphere		
IR is absorbed evenly by all atmospheric gases		20 2 points
		You are running a chemical reaction using a catalyst. Which of the following statements is true?
Less than 1%		The catalyst has no affect on the reaction mechanism.
O 1%		You should not use a catalyst because it will deplete your desired products.
4 points		You will need to constantly add more catalyst because the chemical reaction will
4 points  Select the molecules that are capable of absorbing IR ra	adiation	always rapidly deplete the catalyst.
CO <sub>2</sub>		The catalyst will speed up your reaction.
Ar		
		21 4 points
U H <sub>2</sub> O		The depletion of the ozone layer is catalyzed by chlorine. Which of the following best relates stratospheric chlorine to ozone levels?
CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>		As chlorine levels increase, ozone levels increase
CH <sub>4</sub>		As chlorine levels increase, the amount of ozone depletion cannot be predicted
Ne		As chlorine levels increase, ozone levels decrease
_ O <sub>2</sub>		As chloring levels increase, ozone levels decrease
4 points		5 points
What is the advantage of HFCs over the HCFCs that ar	e used in present day appliances?	A C
HFCs do not contain ozone-depleting chlorine	. , , , ,	$: CI \cdot + B                                 $
HFCs do not absorb in the IR region		:00:
HFCs are less reactive than HCFCs		Fill in each blank for the reaction shown above.
HFCs are inflammable		
O The Court Inhammable		The formal charge on the chlorine radical labeled A is equal to
		choose your answer $\vee$
		The formal charge on the oxygen labeled B is equal to
		choose your answer
		The formal charge on the oxygen labeled C is equal to
		choose your answer 🗸
		The formal charge on the oxygen labeled D is equal to
		choose your answer   . This reaction is the first step of the

✓ in the atmosphere.

choose your answer...