version: 562

## Exam 3 - F22 - McCord - ch301

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H   1.008   2     3   4   1   16   17     3   4   5   6   7   8   9     6.941   9.012   5   6   7   8   9     11   12   14   15   16   17     Na   Mg   22.99   24.31   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   14.01   16.00   19.00     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35   5   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   74.92																		18
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Li   Be   9012     11   12   Mg   13   14   15   16   17     Na   20.99   24.31   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17     Na   20.99   24.31   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   26.98   28.09   30.97   32.07   35.05     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     S   40.08   44.96   47.87   50.94   52.00   54.94   55.85   58.93   58.69   65.58   65.28   69.72   72.64   74.92   78.96   79.99     37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50.5   51   52   53     Rb   Sr.47   Sr   <		2											13	14	15	16	17	4.00
6.941   9.012     11   12     11   12     12   14.01     13   14     15   15     16   17     17   18     18   13   14   15   16   17     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     19   20.08   44.96   47.87   50.94   52.00   54.94   55.85   58.93   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   74.92   78.96   79.90     37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53     Rb   Sr   Y   Zr   Nb   Mo														-		-		10
11   12   13   14   15   16   17     Na   Mg   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   26.98   28.09   30.97   32.07   35.45     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     K   Ca   Sc   Ti   V   Cr   Mn   Fe   Co   Ni   Cu   Zn   Ga   Ge   As   Se   Br     39.10   40.08   44.96   47.87   50.94   52.00   54.94   55.85   58.93   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   As   Se   Br     37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53     85.47   87.62   88.91   91.22   92.91   95.94   (98)   101.07   102.91   106.42<																-	-	<b>Ne</b> 20.1
Na     Mg        AI     Si     P     S     CI       22.99     24.31     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10     11     12     26.98     28.09     30.97     32.07     35.45       19     20     21     22     23     24     25     26     27     28     29     30     31     32     33     34     35       K     Ca     Sc     Ti     V     Cr     Mn     Fe     Co     Ni     Cu     Zn     Ga     Ge     As     Se     Br       39.10     40.08     44.96     47.87     50.94     52.00     54.94     55.85     58.93     58.69     63.55     65.38     69.72     72.64     As     Se     Br       37     38     39     40     41     42     43     44     45     46     47     48     49     50     51     52																_		18
22.99   24.31   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   26.98   28.09   30.97   32.07   35.45     19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35     K   Ca   Sc   Ti   V   Cr   Mn   Fe   Co   Ni   Cu   Zn   Ga   Ge   As   Se   Br     39.10   40.08   44.96   47.87   50.94   52.00   54.94   55.85   58.93   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   Ass   Se   Br     37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53   53   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   Ins.   Dis   Di																		Â
K 39.10Ca 40.08ScTi 44.96V 		•	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			-			39.9
39.10   40.08   44.96   47.87   50.94   52.00   54.94   55.85   58.93   58.69   63.55   65.38   69.72   72.64   74.92   78.96   79.90     37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53     Rb   Sr   Y   Zr   Nb   Mo   Tc   Ru   Rh   Pd   Ag   Cd   In   Sn   Sb   Te   I     85.47   87.62   88.91   91.22   92.91   95.94   (98)   101.07   102.91   106.42   107.87   112.41   114.82   118.71   121.76   126.90     55   56   57   72   73   74   75   76   77   78   79   80   81   82   83   84   85     CS   Ba   La   Hf   Ta   W   Re   OS   Ir   Pt   Au   Hg   TI   Pb   Bi   Po   At <td></td> <td>36</td>																		36
37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53     Rb   Sr   Y   Zr   Nb   Mo   1C   Ru   Rh   Pd   Ag   Cd   In   Sn   Sn   Sb   Te   I     85.47   87.62   88.91   91.22   92.91   95.94   (98)   101.07   102.91   106.42   107.87   112.41   114.82   118.71   121.76   126.90     55   56   57   72   73   74   75   76   77   78   79   80   81   82   83   84   85     Cs   Ba   La   Hf   Ta   W   Re   Os   Ir   Pt   Au   Hg   TI   Pb   Bi   Po   At     132.91   137.33   138.91   178.49   180.95   183.84   186.21   190.23   192.22   195.08   196.97   200.59   204.38   207.20   208.98   (209) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>  K</td>					-													K
RbSrYZrNbMoTcRuRhPdAgCdInSnSbTeI85.4787.6288.9191.2292.9195.94(98)101.07102.91106.42107.87112.41114.82118.71121.76122.60126.905556577273747576777879808182838485CsBaLaHfTaWReOsIrPtAuHgTIPbBiPoAt132.91137.33138.91178.49180.95183.84186.21190.23192.22195.08196.97200.59204.38207.20208.98(209)(210)878889104105106107108109110111112113114115116117FrRaAcRfDbSgBhHsMtDsRgCnNhFIMcLvTs										-								83.8
85.47   87.62   88.91   91.22   92.91   95.94   (98)   101.07   102.91   106.42   107.87   112.41   114.82   118.71   121.76   127.60   126.90     55   56   57   72   73   74   75   76   77   78   79   80   81   82   83   84   85     Cs   Ba   La   Hf   Ta   W   Re   Os   Ir   Pt   Au   Hg   TI   Pb   Bi   Po   At     132.91   137.33   138.91   178.49   180.95   183.84   186.21   190.23   192.22   195.08   196.97   200.59   204.38   207.20   208.98   (209)   (210)     87   88   89   104   105   106   107   108   109   110   111   112   113   114   115   116   117     Fr   Ra   Ac   Rf   Db   Sg   Bh   Hs   Mt   Ds   Rg   Cn   Nh   FI <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>53</td><td>54</td></td<>													-				53	54
55   56   57   72   73   74   75   76   77   78   79   80   81   82   83   84   85     Cs   Ba   La   Hf   Ta   W   Re   Os   Ir   Pt   Au   Hg   TI   Pb   Bi   Po   At     132.91   137.33   138.91   178.49   180.95   183.84   186.21   190.23   192.22   195.08   196.97   200.59   204.38   207.20   208.98   (209)   (210)     87   88   89   104   105   106   107   108   109   110   111   112   113   114   115   116   117     Fr   Ra   Ac   Rf   Db   Sg   Bh   Hs   Mt   Ds   Rg   Cn   Nh   FI   Mc   Lv   Ts			-				1											X
CsBaLaHfTaWReOsIrPtAuHgTIPbBiPoAt132.91137.33138.91178.49180.95183.84186.21190.23192.22195.08196.97200.59204.38207.20208.98(209)(210)878889104105106107108109110111112113114115116117FrRaAcRfDbSgBhHsMtDsRgCnNhFIMcLvTs							( )											131.
132.91   137.33   138.91   178.49   180.95   183.84   186.21   190.23   192.22   195.08   196.97   200.59   204.38   207.20   208.98   (209)   (210)     87   88   89   104   105   106   107   108   109   110   111   112   113   114   115   116   117     Fr   Ra   Ac   Rf   Db   Sg   Bh   Hs   Mt   Ds   Rg   Cn   Nh   FI   Mc   Lv   Ts	-	-					1				-							86
87 88 89 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 Fr Ra Ac Rf Db Sg Bh Hs Mt Ds Rg Cn Nh FI Mc Lv Ts																		
Fr   Ra   Ac   Rf   Db   Sg   Bh   Hs   Mt   Ds   Rg   Cn   Nh   FI   Mc   Lv   Ts																· · /	· · ·	(22)
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58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
140.12	140.91	144.24	(145)	150.36	151.96	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.04	174.97
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr
232.04	231.04	238.03	(237)	(244)	(243)	(247)	(247)	(251)	(252)	(257)	(258)	(259)	(266)

conversions

1 atm = 760 torr

1 atm = 101325 Pa1 atm = 1.01325 bar

constants
$\overline{R} = 0.08206 \text{ L atm/mol K}$
$R=8.314~{\rm J/mol~K}$
$N_{\rm A}=6.022\times 10^{23}~/{\rm mol}$
$h=6.626\times 10^{-34}~{\rm J\cdot s}$
$c=3.00\times 10^8~{\rm m/s}$
$F = 96485 \text{ C/mol e}^-$
$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \ {\rm C}$
$m_{\rm e} = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \ {\rm kg}$
Rydberg Constants
$\mathcal{R} = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$
$\mathcal{R} = 3.29 \times 10^{15} \text{ s}^{-1}$
$\mathcal{R} = 1.097 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$

1 atm = 14.7 psi 1 bar =  $10^5$  Pa 1 in = 2.54 cm 1 mi = 5280 ft 1 Å=  $10^{-10}$  m 1 lb = 453.6 g 1 ton = 2000 lbs 1 tonne = 1000 kg 1 gal = 3.785 L 1 gal = 231 in<sup>3</sup> 1 fl oz = 29.57 mL <u>conversions</u>

1 cal = 4.184 J 1 eV =  $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$  J 1 kWh = 3600 J

## water data

$C_{\rm s,ice} = 2.09 \ {\rm J/g} \ ^{\circ}{\rm C}$
$C_{\rm s,water} = 4.184 \text{ J/g} \circ \text{C}$
$C_{\rm s,steam} = 2.03~\rm J/g~^\circ C$
$\rho_{\rm water} = 1.00~{\rm g/mL}$
$\rho_{\rm ice} = 0.9167~{\rm g/mL}$
$\rho_{\rm seawater} = 1.024~{\rm g/mL}$
$\Delta H_{\rm fus} = 334~{\rm J/g}$
$\Delta H_{\rm vap} = 2260~{\rm J/g}$
$K_{\rm w} = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}$

This exam should have exactly 25 questions. Each question is equally weighted at 4 points each. You will enter your answer choices on the virtual bubblehseet after you have finished. Your score is based on what you submit on the virtual bubblesheet and not what is circled on the exam.

- **1**. What is the molecular geometry of  $BrF_5$ ?
- a. square planar
- b. octahedral
- c. trigonal bipyramid
- d. tetrahedral
- e. square pyramid

**Explanation:**  $BrF_5$  has 5 bonds and one lone pair. This points to square pyramid geometry.

2. What is the total number of valence electrons that should appear in the dot formula of the phosphite ion?

- •a. 26
- b. 22
- c. 25
- d. 28
- e. 30
- f. 24

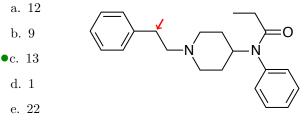
**Explanation:** The formula of phosphite is  $PO_3^{3-}$ . Each O atom brings 6 valence electrons to the party, plus 5 for the P and 3 more for the charge equals a total of 26 electrons.

3. When comparing  $N_2$  and  $Cl_2$ , does  $N_2$  have a longer or shorter bond length, a stronger or weaker bond, and is it more or less stable than  $Cl_2$ ?

- a. longer, weaker, more stable
- b. longer, stronger, more stable
- c. shorter, weaker, less stable
- d. shorter, stronger, less stable
- •e. shorter, stronger, more stable
- f. longer, weaker, less stable

**Explanation:**  $N_2$  has a bond order of 3, while  $Cl_2$  only has a bond order of 1. Higher bond order corresponds to shorter bonds, stronger bonds, and more stable bonds.

4. (Part 1 of 3) The super powerful drug fentanyl is shown below. It is 30 to 50 times more potent than heroin according to the DEA. Let's focus on its structure though. How many  $sp^2$  hybridized carbon atoms are there in fentanyl?



**Explanation:** Each aromatic ring contains  $6 \text{ sp}^2$  carbons and the carbon with a double bond to oxygen is also sp<sup>2</sup> hybridized. This makes 13 total.

**5**. (Part 2 of 3) What is the molecular geometry of the atom indicated by the arrow?

- a. trigonal bipyramidal
- •b. tetrahedral
  - c. trigonal pyramidal
  - d. trigonal planar
  - e. linear

**Explanation:** The indicated atom is an implied C. It has to have 4 bonds (lines). So 2 more are added with H's on them. That is a total of 4 electron regions and 4 atoms which matches up with tetrahedral for both electronic and molecular geometries.

**6**. (Part 3 of 3) How many lone pairs are there in fentanyl?

a. 2

- b. 11
- c. 1
- d. 3
- •e. 4
- f. 0

**Explanation:** There is 1 lone pair on each N atom and 2 lone pairs on the O atom.

7. diamond, dry ice (solid  $CO_2$ ), and chalk (calcium carbonate) are examples of what types of solids, respectively?

- a. covalent, molecular, covalent
- b. ionic, covalent, metallic
- c. covalent, covalent, metallic
- d. molecular, covalent, ionic
- e. covalent, covalent, ionic
- f. covalent, molecular, ionic

**Explanation:** diamonds are a covalent solid, dry ice is  $CO_2$  molecules held together by intermolecular forces, and calcium carbonate is an ionic solid.

8. What is the bond order of an S–O bond in a sulfite ion?

- •a. 1.33
- b. 1.67
- c. 1.50
- d. 1.00
- e. 2.00

**Explanation:** There are 3 resonance structures for the sulfite ion, the double bond can be drawn between S and each O atom. Averaging these resonance structures gives a S-O bond order of 1.3333...

9. Which of the following is not an intermolecular force?

- a. dipole-dipole forces
- b. hydrogen bonding
- c. dispersion forces
- •d. ion-ion forces

**Explanation:** ion-ion forces is an intramolecular force for ionic compounds.

10. What is the bond order of the reactive cation  $F_2^+$ ?

- •a. 1.5
- b. 2
- c. 2.5
- d. 0
- e. 1
- f. 3.0

**Explanation:** Fluorine's  $F_2$  MO diagram indicates the F has a bond order of 1. We must remove an electron from the  $\pi$ \* orbital to make the cation. This will increase the bond order up to 1.5. Also, as an aside,  $F_2^+$  is paramagnetic, unlike  $F_2$ .

11. Which of the following is not capable of hydrogen bonding?

- •a.  $CH_3CH_2F$
- b. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>
- c. HF
- d.  $H_2O$
- e.  $CH_3CH_2CH_2OH$

**Explanation:**  $CH_3CH_2F$  is the only option which does not have a hydrogen bound to one of the 3 most electronegative elements: N, O, F. An H bound to one of these atoms is necessary to hydrogen bond.

:0

- 12. Which of the following statements is true?
  - I. bonding orbitals are formed by the overlap of two out-of-phase atomic orbitals
- II. p orbitals can only form pi bonds
- III. adding electrons to bonding orbitals stabilizes the molecule

a. I

- b. all of them are true
- c. none are true
- d. I, III
- e. II, III
- f. I, II
- g. II
- ●h. III

**Explanation:** Bonding orbitals are formed by overlap of in-phase atomic orbitals. p orbitals can form pi and sigma bonds. Adding electrons to bonding orbitals is stabilizing to the molecule.

13. Only one of the following species shown below is non-polar. Which one is it?

- a.  $PO_3^{3-}$
- •b.  $SO_4^{2-}$
- $c. \ O_3$
- d.  $SO_3^{2-}$
- e.  $SF_4$

**Explanation:** Although sulfate is charged, the negative charges are dispersed across all four O atoms via resonance and the dipoles cancel each other out (no lone pairs on the S) due to being tetrahedral. The other structures all have dipoles due to the asymmetry with lone pairs being present on the central atoms.

14. The common basilisk, also known as the "Jesus Lizard" is famous for its ability to run on water. What property of liquid allows this behavior?

- a. intramolecular forces
- b. adhesive forces between water molecules
- c. refractive index
- •d. surface tension
  - e. paramagnetism

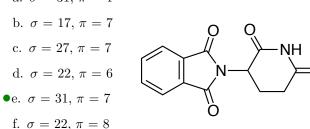
**Explanation:** In order to break the surface tension of a liquid, forces applied to the surface must be strong enough to disrupt the net set of IMFs within the surface. The other answers are important chemical properties, but are not responsible for IMFs present at the surface of water.

15. How many double bonds are present in the best line/dot structure for arsenate,  $AsO_4^{3-}$ ?

- a. 4
- b. 3
- c. 2
- •d. 1
- e. 0

**Explanation:** Arsenate is exactly like phosphate. The best structure contains 1 double bond and 3 single bonds to the four oxygens.

16. (Part 1 of 2) The organic molecule below was resposible for many birth defects in the 50s and 60s. How many sigma and pi bonds are contained in its organic structure? a.  $\sigma = 31$ ,  $\pi = 4$ 



**Explanation:** Each single and double bond contains 1 sigma bond, each double bond contains 1 pi bond. The implied hydrogens are each bound by a single bond.

17. (Part 2 of 2) What is the empirical formula of the organic molecule?

- a.  $\mathrm{C}_{11}\mathrm{H}_1\mathrm{N}_2\mathrm{O}_4$
- b.  $C_{13}H_1N_2O_4$
- c.  $C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_4$
- •d.  $C_{13}H_{10}N_2O_4$
- e.  $\mathrm{C}_{13}\mathrm{H}_5\mathrm{N}_2\mathrm{O}_4$
- f.  $C_{11}H_7N_2O_4$

**Explanation:** Each "corner/bend" in the organic stucture represents a carbon. The hydrogens bound to carbons are not shown, but are implied to be there to make each carbon have 4 bonds.

18. Which of the following is paramagnetic?

- a.  $O_2^{2-}$
- b.  $F_2$
- $c. \ N_2$
- •d.  $B_2$
- e.  $Li_2$

**Explanation:**  $B_2$  is the only option with unpaired electrons in the MO diagram.

19. What is the molecular geometry of  $ICl_4^-$ ?

a. octahedral

- b. see-saw
- c. tetrathedral
- •d. square planar
- e. square pyramidal

**Explanation:** The central I atom has 4 single bonds and 2 lone pairs around it, making it  $AX_4E_2$ . This corresponds to the square planar geometry. 20. Which of the following bonds would be most polar?

- a. C—H
- b. C—P
- c. C—N
- •d. C—O
- e. C—I

**Explanation:** Bond polarity increases with greater differences in electronegativity. Oxygen has the 2nd highest EN value on the periodic table, so it is the bond that is the most polar of those listed with carbon.

21. Rank the following halomethanes in order of increasing vapor pressure at a constant temperature.

- a.  $CH_3I < CH_3Cl < CH_3Br < CH_3F$
- b.  $CH_3F < CH_3Br < CH_3Cl < CH_3I$
- c.  $\rm CH_3F < CH_3Cl < CH_3Br < CH_3I$
- d.  $CH_3Cl < CH_3F < CH_3Br < CH_3I$
- •e.  $CH_3I < CH_3Br < CH_3Cl < CH_3F$

**Explanation:** As you move down the halogen series, polarizability increases and so do dispersion forces. Thus, volatility decreases.

22. What is the correct electronic configuration for  $N_2^-$ ?

•a.  $\sigma_{1s}^2 \sigma_{1s}^{*2} \sigma_{2s}^2 \sigma_{2s}^{*2} \pi_{2p}^4 \sigma_{2p}^2 \pi_{2p}^{*1}$ b.  $\sigma_{1s}^2 \sigma_{1s}^{*2} \sigma_{2s}^2 \sigma_{2s}^{*2} \pi_{2p}^4 \sigma_{2p}^2$ c.  $\sigma_{1s}^2 \sigma_{1s}^{*2} \sigma_{2s}^2 \sigma_{2s}^{*2} \sigma_{2p}^2 \pi_{2p}^4 \pi_{2p}^{*1}$ d.  $\sigma_{1s}^2 \sigma_{1s}^{*2} \sigma_{2s}^2 \sigma_{2s}^{*2} \pi_{2p}^4 \sigma_{2p}^2 \pi_{2p}^{*2}$ e.  $\sigma_{1s}^2 \sigma_{1s}^{*2} \sigma_{2s}^2 \sigma_{2s}^{*2} \pi_{2p}^4 \sigma_{2p}^2$ 

**Explanation:** This is found using MO theory.  $N_2^-$  is a special case which has the bonding pi orbitals lower in energy than its sigma bonding orbital.  $N_2^-$  also has one more electron than its neutral counterpart  $N_2$ .

23. Which of the following alkanes would be expected to have the highest boiling point?

- a. hexane
- •b. nonane
- c. pentane
- d. butane
- e. octane

**Explanation:** Boiling point increases with greater dispersion forces. As the alkanes increase in length and size, they become more polarizable and thus experience stronger dispersion forces.

24. Which of the following would have the highest melting point?

- a. ice
- b. KCl
- c. steel
- •d. graphite
- e. CH<sub>3</sub>F
- f. CsF

**Explanation:** covalent solids have the highest melting points. Graphite is a classic example of a covalent solid.

25. Which one of the molecules listed has dipole-dipole interactions as its strongest IMF?

- a. CCl<sub>4</sub>
- b.  $XeF_2$
- c.  $SF_6$
- •d.  $N_2O$
- e.  $BeH_2$

**Explanation:**  $N_2O$  is the only polar molecule listed, dipole-dipole forces occur between polar molecules.

After you are finished and have all your answers circled, go to the front of the room and then use the QR code there to pull up the virtual answer page. Enter the appropriate info plus all your answers - click the SUBMIT button. Make sure you get the confirmation screen and show it to the TA or proctor. After that, turn in your exam and scratch paper. You're free to leave after that.



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\* \* \* Remember your Version Number \* \* \*