version: 237 Exam 1 - F22 - McCord - ch301

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<sup>58</sup> Ce	59 Pr	60 Nd	61 Pm	62 Sm	63 Eu	<sup>64</sup> Gd	65 Tb	66 Dy	67 Ho	68 Er	69 Tm	70 Yb	71 Lu
140.12	140.91	144.24	(145)	150.36	151.96	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.04	174.97
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr
232.04	231.04	238.03	(237)	(244)	(243)	(247)	(247)	(251)	(252)	(257)	(258)	(259)	(266)

## constants

 $R=0.08206~\mathrm{L~atm/mol~K}$ 

R = 0.08314 L bar/mol K

R = 62.36 L Torr/mol K

R = 8.314 L kPa/mol K

R = 8.314 J/mol K

 $N_{\rm A} = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \ / {\rm mol}$ 

## conversions

1 atm = 760 torr

 $1~\mathrm{atm} = 14.7~\mathrm{psi}$ 

1 atm = 101325 Pa

1 atm = 1.01325 bar

 $1~\mathrm{bar} = 10^5~\mathrm{Pa}$ 

 $^{\circ}F = ^{\circ}C(1.8) + 32$ 

 $K = {}^{\circ}C + 273.15$ 

## conversions

1 in = 2.54 cm

1 ft = 12 in

1 yd = 3 ft

1 mi = 5280 ft

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1 lb = 453.6 g

 $1~\rm ton=2000~lbs$ 

 $1~\rm tonne=1000~kg$ 

 $1~\mathrm{gal} = 3.785~\mathrm{L}$ 

 $1 \text{ gal} = 231 \text{ in}^3$ 

1 gal = 128 fl oz

1 fl oz = 29.57 mL

1 Troy oz = 31.104 g

## water data

 $C_{\rm s,ice} = 2.09 \text{ J/g} \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

 $C_{\mathrm{s,water}} = 4.184 \mathrm{\ J/g\ ^{\circ}C}$ 

 $C_{\rm s,steam} = 2.03 \text{ J/g }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

 $\rho_{\mathrm{water}} = 1.00 \mathrm{\ g/mL}$ 

 $\rho_{\rm ice} = 0.9167 \ {\rm g/mL}$ 

 $\rho_{\text{seawater}} = 1.024 \text{ g/mL}$ 

 $\Delta H_{\rm fus} = 334~{\rm J/g}$ 

 $\Delta H_{\rm vap} = 2260 \text{ J/g}$ 

 $K_{\rm w} = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}$ 

This exam should have exactly 20 questions. Each question is equally weighted at 5 points each. You will enter your answer choices on the virtual bubblehseet after you have finished. Your score is based on what you submit on the virtual bubblesheet and not what is circled on the exam.

- 1. After finishing a whole 2.1 L bottle of Diet Coke, you leave the bottle sitting on the counter for a while and then put the lid back on, sealing it shut. How many moles of gas are in the bottle if the temperature is 25 °C and the pressure is 1.0 atm?
- •a. 0.086 mol
- b. 0.094 mol
- c. 22 mol
- d. 0.00085 mol
- e. 0.12 mol
- f. 0.019 mol

**Explanation:** n = PV/RT = 2.1(1)/0.08206/298.15 = 0.086 mol

- 2. Scooby the (helium) balloon dog has a volume of 5.28 L at  $25.0 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $1.00 \,^{\circ}\text{atm}$  pressure. If Scooby is dropped into liquid nitrogen at  $-195.8 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , what will Scooby's new volume be (still at 1 atm pressure)?
- •a. 1.37 L
  - b. 2.14 L
  - c. 0.68 L
  - d. 1.18 L
  - e. 3.46 L

**Explanation:** Charles Law:  $V_2 = V_1(T_2/T_1) = 5.28$  L(77.35/298.15) = 1.37 L.

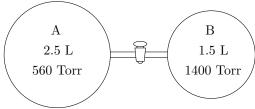
- **3.** A 4.10 gram sample of gas was collected in a 1.50 L container at 295 K and 600 Torr. Which of these molecules listed below could be the identity of the gas sample?
- a.  $C_3H_8$
- b. H<sub>2</sub>
- ●c. Kr
- d. Ar
- $e. O_2$
- f.  $Cl_2$

**Explanation:** Get moles via IGL: n = PV/RT = 600(1.5)/(62.36(295)) = 0.0489 mol. MWt = mass/mol = 4.10/0.0489 = 83.8 g/mol which is Kr.

- **4.** What is the molar mass of  $C_{14}H_8F_2$ ?
- a. 232.3 g/mol
- b. 195.2 g/mol
- c. 218.1 g/mol
- •d. 214.2 g/mol
- e. 226.2 g/mol

**Explanation:** Multiply the molar mass of carbon by 14 carbon atoms (12.01 g/mol  $\times$  14) Repeat with 1.008 g/mol  $\times$  8 hydrogen and 19.00 g/mol  $\times$  2 fluorine)

**5**. (Part 1 of 2) There are two glass bulbs of gases A and B connected by a closed valve as depicted in the diagram along with the volumes and pressures in each bulb.



The valve is now opened and the gases completely mix. What is partial pressure of gas A in this mixture?

- a. 480 Torr
- b. 280 Torr
- c. 420 Torr
- d. 300 Torr
- ●e. 350 Torr

**Explanation:** Use Boyle's Law to get new pressures for each gas. Final volume is 2.5 + 1.5 = 4.0 L. Therefore, after opening the valve, 560(2.5/4) = 350 Torr A. 1400(1.5/4) = 525 Torr B.

- **6.** (Part 2 of 2) What is the mole fraction of Gas A after the valve is opened?
- •a. 0.400
  - b. 0.375
  - c. 0.500
  - d. 0.286
  - e. 0.425

**Explanation:** Use pressures in previous problem to get mole fraction via  $X_{\rm A} = P_{\rm A}/P_{\rm total}$ . The numbers are 350/(350+525) = 0.400 mole fraction A.

- 7. You have three gas samples. Rank them from lowest  $v_{\rm rms}$  to highest  $v_{\rm rms}$  (slowest to fastest).
- a. He at 300 < He at 600 < Ar at 600
- b. Ar at 600 < He at 600 < He at 300
- c. He at 600 < Ar at 600 < He at 300
- •d. Ar at 600 < He at 300 < He at 600
  - e. He at 600 < He at 300 < Ar at 600
  - f. He at 300 < Ar at 600 < He at 600

**Explanation:** smaller molecules go faster... higher T molecules go faster

**8.** Cyclopentanol burns according to the following equation:

$$C_5H_9OH + 7O_2 \longrightarrow 5CO_2 + 5H_2O$$

Now we react 3.16 mols of  $C_5H_9OH$  with 20.3 mol of oxygen. Assuming the reaction goes to completion, how many moles of  $H_2O$  are produced?

- a. 20.4 mol
- b. 15.8 mol
- c. 12.5 mol
- •d. 14.5 mol
- e. 18.6 mol

**Explanation:** You can run 3.16 mol of rxn with 3.16 mol of cyclopentanol (1:1). You can run 2.90 mol of rxn with 20.3 mol oxygen (1:7). The oxygen is limiting then. Take the 2.90 mol rxn and multiply by 5 mol water per rxn and get 14.5 mol water.

 $9.\ A$  sample of 3 moles of  $AX_3$  fully decomposes according to the equation:

$$AX_3(g) \ \longrightarrow \ A(g) \ + \ 3X(g)$$

If the resulting gases have a total pressure of 488 Torr, what is the partial pressure of X in the final system?

- a. 293 torr
- •b. 366 torr
- c. 390 torr
- d. 325 torr
- e. 244 torr
- f. 122 torr

**Explanation:** The products will form in 1/4 and 3/4 mole fractions of the total. Gas X is 3/4 of the total of 488 which is 366.

- 10. The average speed of a gas at 350 K is 360 m/s. What will the speed be of that gas when heated up to 896 K?
- a. 600 m/s
- b. 540 m/s
- c. 720 m/s
- •d. 576 m/s
  - e. 922 m/s

**Explanation:** Use the following ratio:  $\frac{v_2}{v_1} = \sqrt{\frac{T_2}{T_1}}$ , so  $\frac{v_2}{360} = \sqrt{\frac{896}{350}} = 1.6$   $v_2 = 360(1.6) = 576$ 

11. Properly balance the following chemical equation:

$$Na_3PO_4 + Pb(NO_3)_2 \longrightarrow NaNO_3 + Pb_3(PO_4)_2$$

What is the sum of the coefficients after balancing?

- •a. 12
  - b. 9
  - c. 15
  - d. 13
  - e. 11

**Explanation:** The coefficients are as follows:

$$2Na_3PO_4 + 3Pb(NO_3)_2 \longrightarrow 6NaNO_3 + Pb_3(PO_4)_2$$

Therefore, when summing them: 2 + 3 + 6 + 1 = 12

- 12. Comparing a substance in its gas phase at 1 atm to its liquid phase at 1 atm, which best describes the relationship of the liquid density ( $\rho_{liq}$ ) to the gas density ( $\rho_{gas}$ )?
- a.  $\rho_{\text{liq}}$  is 100× greater than  $\rho_{\text{gas}}$
- b.  $\rho_{\text{liq}}$  is  $10 \times$  greater than  $\rho_{\text{gas}}$
- •c.  $\rho_{\text{liq}}$  is 1000× greater than  $\rho_{\text{gas}}$ 
  - d.  $\rho_{\text{liq}}$  is  $10^6 \times$  greater than  $\rho_{\text{gas}}$

**Explanation:** it's  $1000 \times$  for liquid vs gas densities... solids too for that matter

13. Consider the following reaction to make water vapor (temperature is high enough that water is in gas state).

$$2H_2(g) \ + \ O_2(g) \ \longrightarrow \ 2H_2O(g)$$

If  $0.642 \text{ mol } H_2$  and  $0.642 \text{ mol } O_2$  are allowed to react completely, what volume of water vapor would be produced if the temperature is 425 K and pressure is 1.22 bar?

- •a. 18.6 L
- b. 17.8 L

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- c. 37.2 L
- d. 18.2 L
- e. 19.1 L

**Explanation:** Hydrogen is limiting reactant and makes 0.642 mol water vapor. Now use IGL to get volume: V = nRT/P = 0.642(0.08314)425/1.22 = 18.6 L of water vapor. Note: If you want to use 0.08206 for R, you HAVE to convert bar into atm first so the pressure would be 1.204 atm.

- 14. You have three gases:  $H_2$ ,  $F_2$ , and  $Cl_2$ . To predict which one would have the highest van der Waals "b" value, you would compare:
- a. their intermolecular attractions
- b. their temperatures
- c. their molar masses
- d. their pressures

**Explanation:** b scales with size which matches up with molar masses

- 15. A balloon was filled with 1 L of nitrogen gas and 1 L of helium, and over the next two days the balloon shrinks as the gas molecules inside escape through pores in the balloon wall. Which best describes the mole fraction of nitrogen in the balloon two days later?
- •a.  $X_{N_2} > 0.5$
- b.  $X_{N_2} < 0.5$
- c. You need to know the temperature to be able to answer this question.
- d.  $X_{N_2} = 0.5$

Explanation: helium is much smaller than nitrogen which means it will effuse much faster which means the helium leaves the balloon faster, leaving behind a larger mole fraction of nitrogren, therefore the mole fraction of  $N_2$  is greater than 0.5 now.

- 16. Consider a Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution plot of gas velocities vs number of particles (the classic plot). Assuming all the gases listed are at the same temperature, which one will have the broadest distribution of velocities in a given container?
- a. HBr
- b. Ar
- c. SF<sub>6</sub>
- d. Kr
- e. Xe

**Explanation:** The lightest gas will have the greatest range of velocities - the distribution is broader. The lightest gas listed is argon, Ar, at 40 g/mol.

17. If you have 3 moles of Mg and 3 moles of oxygen gas placed in a closed container, what is in the container after the reaction has run to completion?

$$2Mg(s) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2MgO(s)$$

- a. MgO only
- b. Mg,  $O_2$ , and MgO
- c. Mg and MgO
- $\bullet$ d. O<sub>2</sub> and MgO

**Explanation:** Mg is limiting. It all reacts and makes 3 mol of MgO. This rxn only uses 1.5 mol of the oxygen, so it is leftover. Therefore both MgO and  $O_2$  are leftover.

18. What mass of NaOH is required to produce 139 g  $Ni(OH)_2$  according to the following reaction? (answer to nearest whole number)

$$NiCl_2(s) + 2NaOH(aq) \longrightarrow Ni(OH)_2(aq) + 2NaCl(aq)$$

- a. 60 g NaOH
- ●b. 120 g NaOH
  - c. 160 g NaOH
  - d. 147 g NaOH
  - e. 96 g NaOH

**Explanation:** 92.7 g/mol is MWt for Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>. So 139/92.7 = 1.50 mol. To go with that you'll need 1.5(2/1) = 3 mol of NaOH. 3(40) = 120 g

- 19. You have two balloons filled with helium gas. Balloon X is at 300 K. Balloon Y is at a different temperature. If the rate of effusion in Balloon Y is twice that as in Balloon X, what is the temperature of Balloon Y?
- •a. 1200 K
  - b. 600 K
- c. 150 K
- d. 75 K
- e. 300 K

**Explanation:** If the rate is  $2 \times$  higher for higher T, then the temperature will be  $2^2$  or  $4 \times$  the temperature. 4(300) = 1200 K.

- 20. A gold coin weighs 1.00 Troy ounces. If 1 Troy ounce is equal to 31.104 grams, how many atoms of gold are in the gold coin?
- a.  $1.87 \times 10^{25}$  Au atoms
- b.  $9.32 \times 10^{25}$  Au atoms
- •c.  $9.51 \times 10^{22}$  Au atoms
  - d.  $1.94 \times 10^{22}$  Au atoms

**Explanation:**  $31.104 \text{ g Au} / 196.97 \text{ g/mol} = 0.1579 \text{ mol } \times 6.022 \times 10^{23} = 9.51 \times 10^{22} \text{ atoms of Au.}$ 

After you are finished and have all your answers circled, go to the front of the room and then use the QR code there to pull up the virtual answer page. Enter the appropriate info plus all your answers - click the SUBMIT button. Make sure you get the confirmation screen and show it to the TA or proctor. After that, turn in your exam and scratch paper. You're free to leave after that.



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