HW04 - Electrochemical Applications

4 points	7 6 points
The shorthand notation for a standard cell is:	Calculate the voltage of the following cell at nonstandard conditions:
Pt H ₂ H ⁺ Co ³⁺ , Co ²⁺ Pt	Cu Cu $^{2+}$ (0.150 M) Cu $^{2+}$ (.0120 M) Cu Convert your final answer to mV.
What is the purpose of Pt?	O -16.2 mV
Pt is an inert electrode used to conduct electrons into the external circuit	O 32.4 mV
O Pt is the oxidizing agent	
O Pt is being both oxidized an reduced	() 64.9 mV
O Pt is the reducing agent	○ -32.4 mV
4 points	8 5 points
Why might you use an inert electrode in your standard cell set-up?	Consider the following cell that is set up at standard conditions:
O Your half-reaction has the solid on the product side of the reaction	Cu Cu ²⁺ (1 M) Cu ²⁺ (1 M) Cu If you were to increase the copper ion concentration in the cathode compartment, what
O Your half-reaction has the solid on the reactant side of the reaction	would happen to the overall cell potential (E)?
O Your half-reaction involves aqueous ions being reduced into metal	the voltage will remain unchanged an stay at zero
Your half-reaction does not include a solid state conductor	the overall potential will increase slightly becoming positive
	the overall potential will decrease slightly becoming negative
2 points	
One Faraday (the F constant we use in Faraday's law) represents	9 2 points
the standard potential of one mole electron	A concentration cell is made by putting two Ag ⁺ solutions in separate beakers and
the current delivered by an electron over one minute	connecting them with a wire and a salt bridge. The cathode has a concentration of 3.80
O the total charge on an individual electron	and the anode has a concentration of 0.0150 M. What type of cell is this at these nonstandard conditions?
	O Voltaic
the total charge on one mole of electrons	Voltale
the total charge on one mole of electrons	O Electrolytic
the total charge on one mole of electrons 5 points	O Electrolytic
5 points A superior little league baseball bat is made by electroplating solid cobalt on a metal surface from a concentrated cobalt(II) chloride solution. If 3.80 amps of current is passed	Electrolytic The nonstandard cell potential is equal to 0 for these conditions.
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How much energy (electrical work) is produced from a redox reaction with a potential of +1.75 V, and passing 3 moles of electrons? Assume the fully balanced reaction is run to completion. An example of a generic reaction (before cancelling out the electrons) like this would be:	What metal (in various oxidation states) is present at both the cathode and the anode in a typical car battery? cadmium
$3A + B + 3e^{-} \rightarrow 3C + D + 3e^{-}$	Zinc
O 1013 kJ	O nickel
O 167 kJ	O lithium
○ 507 kJ	Olead
O 338 kJ	
4 points	18 4 points
You are examining a non-rechargeable D-cell battery that you are about to put in a flashlight. You see that one end is labeled+ and the other is labeled Now that you have studied batteries, you know that the + indicates the end of the battery that is the:	You start you car and begin driving. After about 10 to 15 minutes of driving your car just dies and will not restart. Which of the following reasons is the most logical explanation why your car died?
O anode	O The alternator is not properly recharging the battery as you are driving
O cathode	O The battery is damaged and you need to buy a new one
	The alternator is running your battery as an electrolytic cell
4 points	The battery was completely dead when you started your car
You turn on a flashlight containing brand new NiCad batteries and keep it lit for a minute or two. Which of the following can be considered TRUE regarding the chemical state of these batteries? I. The chemical reaction is spontaneous II. $E_{\text{cell}} > 0$ IIII. The overall redox reaction in the battery is at equilibrium IV. E_{cell} is substantially decreasing during this time All but III All but IV III only All are true.	A secondary battery that is discharging is running a chemical reaction and a secondary battery that is recharging is running a chemical reaction. Ononspontaneous, spontaneous nonspontaneous, nonspontaneous spontaneous, spontaneous spontaneous, nonspontaneous
O I and II only	4 points The common alkaline cell batteries (D, AA, AAA, etc.) share the same voltage but
3 points	differ on the basis that
A primary battery is Select all that apply if necessary.	The maximum current that can be delivered is inversely proportional to the radius of the battery - so the smaller battery (AAA) is more concentrated and therefore able to deliver more current.
a voltaic cell an electrolytic cell	The maximum current that can be delivered is proportional to the surface area of the electrodes - so the bigger battery sizes are able to deliver more current.
rechargeable	
3 points	
A secondary cell can be Select all that apply.	
a voltaic cell	
recharged	
an electrolytic cell	

17 4 points

12 4 points

The net redox reaction in a fuel cell is given below:

$$2H_2 + O_2 \longrightarrow H_2O$$

What is the reaction at the anode in a fuel cell?

$$O H_2 \longrightarrow 2H^+ + 2e^-$$

$$O \quad O_2 + 4e^- \longrightarrow 2 O^{2-}$$

$$O \quad H^+ + OH^- \longrightarrow H_2O$$

22 4 points

It is not a good idea to make a battery out of standard conditions (1 M of all aqueous products). Instead, you can modify the concentrations so that... Select all that apply.

$$E_{cell} < E_{cell}^{\circ}$$

$$E_{cell} > E_{cell}^{\circ}$$

23 4 points

Consider the following three species involving lead in various oxidation states: ${\sf Pb} \qquad {\sf PbSO}_4 \qquad {\sf PbO}_2$

What are the oxidation states of lead in the order that the species are written?

24 4 points

The overall reaction for an alkaline battery is:

$$2MnO_2(s) + Zn(s) \rightarrow Mn_2O_3(s) + ZnO(s)$$

Which species is oxidized as the battery is used?

$$\bigcirc$$
 Mn₂O₃ (s)

$$\bigcirc$$
 MnO₂ (s)

25 4 points

Which of the following batteries are rechargeable?

- I. alkaline battery
- II. NiMH battery
- III. lithium battery
- IV. Li-ion battery
 V. Pb-acid battery
- O II, IV, and V only
- O I and III only
- O All except I
- O II and V only