

HW03 - Electrochemistry

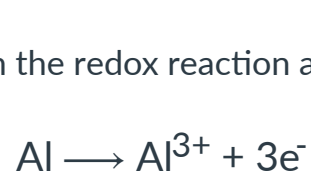
1 4 points

Match the term with the best pair:

reduction	_____	_____
oxidizing agent	_____	_____
oxidization	_____	_____
reducing agent	_____	_____

2 4 points

What is the coefficient of lead (Pb) in the redox reaction after the following half-reactions are balanced?



Type your answer...

3 4 points

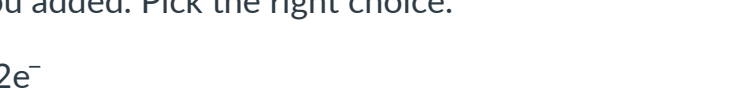
What is the sum of coefficients in the redox reaction after the following half-reactions are balanced?



Type your answer...

4 4 points

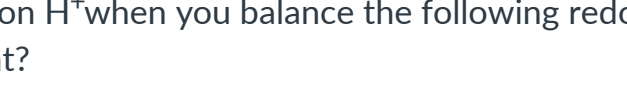
In the reaction of thiosulfate ion with chlorine gas in an acidic solution, what is the reducing agent?



- Cl
- $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$
- Cl_2
- S^{2+}

5 4 points

Balance the following redox reaction in acidic conditions:



Choices below are the sum of reactant coefficients \rightarrow sum of product coefficients followed by the total number of electrons transferred. Note that the sums do and/or H⁺ you added. Pick the right choice.

- $9 \rightarrow 7, 12\text{e}^-$
- $8 \rightarrow 10, 6\text{e}^-$
- $9 \rightarrow 11, 12\text{e}^-$
- $3 \rightarrow 4, 4\text{e}^-$
- $12 \rightarrow 17, 4\text{e}^-$
- $9 \rightarrow 11, 4\text{e}^-$
- $12 \rightarrow 17, 12\text{e}^-$

6 4 points

What is the coefficient on H⁺ when you balance the following redox reaction in acid? Is H⁺ a product or reactant?



- 4, product
- 0, neither
- 6, product
- 2, reactant
- 3, product
- 6, reactant
- 4, reactant
- 3, reactant
- 2, product

7 4 points

Based on the push and pull of electrons in a redox reaction, it can be inferred that the species being oxidized is also the...

- oxidizer
- reducing agent
- strong acid
- oxidizing agent

8 4 points

What is the change in oxidation number of sulfur when SO₃ reacts to form SO⁻ in a redox reaction?

Type your answer...

9 4 points

When Na₂Cr₂O₇ reacts to form Cr(OH)₃, the Cr atom gets _____ and the change in oxidation number is equal to _____.

- reduced, -6
- reduced, -3
- oxidized, -6
- reduced, +3
- oxidized, +3

10 4 points

A methanol fuel source (CH₃OH) is burned to form CO₂. What is the change in oxidation number for carbon? Is this an oxidation or reduction reaction?

- +2, oxidation
- 1, oxidation
- +6, oxidation
- +6, reduction
- 0, this is not a redox half-reaction
- 1, reduction
- +5, oxidation
- +1, oxidation
- +1, reduction
- 3, reduction

11 4 points

What is the oxidation number of chlorine in ClO₄⁻?

Type your answer...

12 2 points

What is the oxidation number of sulfur in SO₄²⁻?

Type your answer...

13 2 points

What is the oxidation number of an individual sulfur in thiosulfate, S₂O₃²⁻?

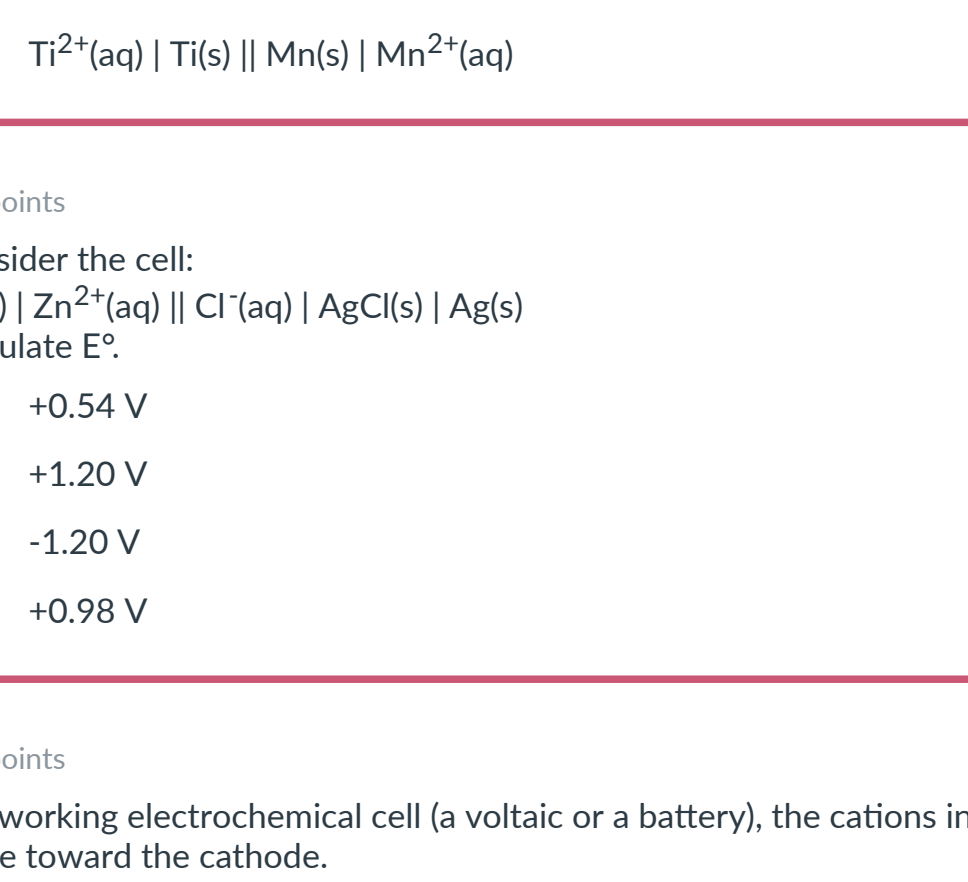
Type your answer...

14 2 points

What is the oxidation number of phosphorus in hydrogen phosphate, HPO₄²⁻?

Type your answer...

15 2 points



In this electrochemical cell, what is the reduction half reaction?

- $\text{Zn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Zn}(\text{s})$
- $\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{s})$
- $\text{Zn}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{Zn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^-$
- $\text{Cu}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^-$

16 2 points

Consider the cell reaction represented by the skeletal equation:



What is the proper cell diagram for this reaction?

- $\text{Ti}(\text{s}) \mid \text{Ti}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \parallel \text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Mn}(\text{s})$
- $\text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Mn}(\text{s}) \parallel \text{Ti}(\text{s}) \mid \text{Ti}^{2+}(\text{aq})$
- $\text{Mn}(\text{s}) \mid \text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \parallel \text{Ti}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Ti}(\text{s})$
- $\text{Ti}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Ti}(\text{s}) \parallel \text{Mn}(\text{s}) \mid \text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq})$

17 4 points

Consider the cell:



Calculate E°.

- +0.54 V
- +1.20 V
- 1.20 V
- +0.98 V

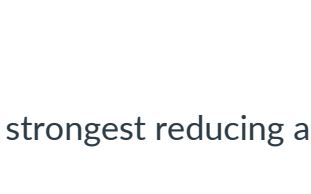
18 4 points

In a working electrochemical cell (a voltaic or a battery), the cations in the salt bridge move toward the cathode.

- True
- It depends on the charge of the cation.
- False
- It is impossible to tell unless we know if the cathode is "+" or "-".

19 4 points

What is the voltage of a standard voltaic cell made from the following half-reactions?



- 2.70 V
- 2.70 V
- 2.02 V
- 2.02 V

20 2 points

For the cell in the previous question, identify the solid anode and cathode.

- Cu: anode
Mg: cathode
- Cu: cathode
Mg: anode

21 4 points

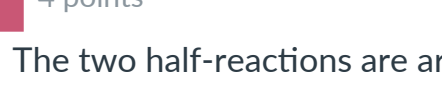
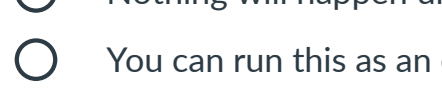
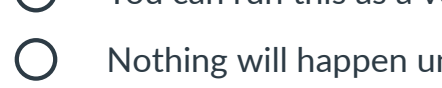
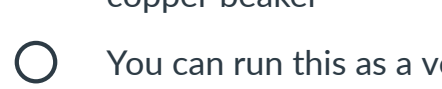
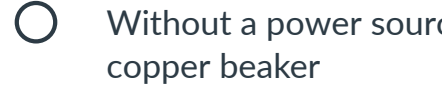
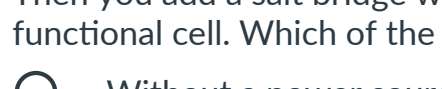
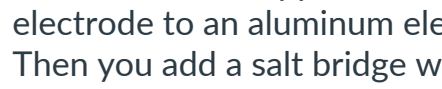
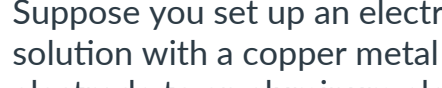
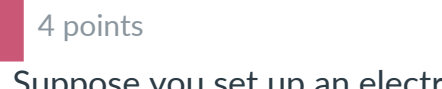
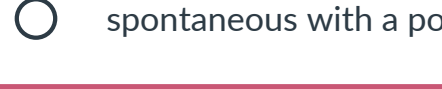
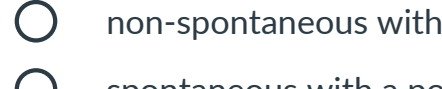
What is the voltage of a standard electrolytic cell made from the following half-reactions?



- 2.46 V
- 1.66 V
- 0.86 V
- 2.46 V
- 0.86 V

22 4 points

Use the following table for the next three questions:



Which out of the following is the strongest reducing agent?

- Ag
- Li
- Mg
- Li⁺
- Zn
- Ag⁺

23 4 points

What is the standard cell potential for the strongest battery possible using the table? Note: for this question, only compare standard cell potential to assess the strength of the battery.

- 3.05 V
- 2.87 V
- 0.00 V
- 5.92 V

24 4 points

If you wanted to spontaneously reduce Al³⁺ to form Al, you should pair it with...

- the oxidation of Mg
- the oxidation of Pb
- the S.H.E reaction
- the reduction of Mg

25 4 points

In a voltaic cell...

- oxidation takes place at the cathode
- electrical energy is used to reverse spontaneous chemical reactions
- oxidation and reduction take place at the same time, but at different electrodes
- electrolytes are added to carry electrons between electrodes

26 4 points

A discharging battery is a voltaic cell, meaning it is...

- non-spontaneous with a negative cell potential
- spontaneous with a negative cell potential
- non-spontaneous with a positive cell potential
- spontaneous with a positive cell potential

27 4 points

Suppose you set up an electrochemical cell. In one beaker, you have a 1 M copper(II) ion solution with a copper metal electrode. You use an external wire to connect the copper electrode to an aluminum electrode in another beaker with a 1 M aluminum ion solution. Then you add a salt bridge with sodium sulfate ions. ALL things are in place to have a functional cell. Which of the following statements is FALSE?

- Without a power source, electrons will travel from the aluminum beaker to the copper beaker
- You can run this as a voltaic cell and get out a maximum of 2.00 V
- Nothing will happen until you add an external power source.
- You can run this as an electrolytic cell only if you input a minimum of 2.00 V

28 4 points

The two half-reactions are arranged with the intention to reduce Au³⁺:

What reaction is occurring at the anode?

- $\text{Au}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Au}$
- $\text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}$
- $\text{Li} \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^-$
- $\text{Au} \rightleftharpoons \text{Au}^+ + \text{e}^-$