HW04 - Introduction to Compounds

4 points

Complete the sentence regarding the energy levels of an electron in the hydrogen atom. As the principal quantum number increases,

- O the energy levels remain degenerate
- O the spacing between successive energy levels remains constant
- O the spacing between successive energy levels increases
- O the spacing between successive energy levels decreases

2 4 points

Which of these atoms have unpaired electrons?

- oxygen neon nitrogen
- magnesium

3 4 points

How many total electrons are in the oxide anion?	
O 4	
O 6	

- O 12
- O 10
- 08

4 4 points

The metal Ca and the nonmetal Br form an ionic bond. What is the formula for this ionic compound?

U	Cabr ₂
Ο	Ca_2Br_3
Ο	CaBr
0	Ca ₂ Br

O Ca₃Br₂

4 points

Strontium (Sr) and chlorine (Cl) come together to make a bond. What type of compound is formed and what is its formula?

- O Covalent, Sr₂Cl₂
- O Ionic, SrCl
- O lonic, SrCl₂
- O Covalent, SrCl₂

4 points

An example of iron oxidizing to form rust involves oxide forming an ionic compound with iron(III). What is the formula of this ionic compound?

- O Fe₃O₂
- O Fe₂O₃
- O FeO3
- O Fe₂O₄
- O FeO

7 4 points

Cobalt(II) forms an ionic compound with hydroxide. What is the formula for this compound?

- O Co(OH)₂
- О C₀OH₂
- O OH₂Co
- O Co(OH)₃
- О СоОН

8 4 points

What is the formula for magnesium phosphate?

- O Mg₃(PO₃)₂
- O Mg(PO₄)₂
- O Mg3(PO4)2
- O Mg₃PO₄
- O MgPO₄

9 4 points

- What is the formula for sodium phosphite?
- O Na₂PO₃
- O NaPO₃
- O Na₃PO₄
- O Na(PO₃)₃
- O Na₃PO₃

10 3 points

What is the name of Na₂S?

- O sodium sulfate
- O sodious sulfous
- O sodium sulfide
- O disodium sulfide
- O disodium sulfurous
- O sodium sulfite

11 4 points

Compared to a nonmetal in the same period, a metal is more likely to _____ its valence shell and form a ______.

- O fill, cation
- O empty, anion
- O empty, cation
- O fill, anion

12 4 points

Select the ionic compound with the strongest theoretical ionic bond strength.

- O Nal
- O KF
- O NaF
- О ксі

13 4 points	20 4 points
Select the ionic compound with the highest theoretical lattice energy.	Hydrofluoric acid, HF, makes a polar covalent bond. Which of the following best
O MgCl ₂	describes the bond?
O Cal ₂	O There is an unequal sharing of electrons, resulting in a partial negative and partial partial partial negative.
O Mgl ₂	positive O There is an equal sharing of electrons, resulting in completely neutral charges on
\bigcirc CaBr ₂	O There is an equal sharing of electrons, resulting in completely neutral charges on each atom
	O There is an equal sharing of electrons, resulting in a partial negative and partial positive
14 3 points	O There is an unequal sharing of electrons, resulting in completely neutral charges
A stronger ionic bond is typically associated with the ions having	on each atom
select all that apply	
larger ionic radii	21 4 points
greater charge density	A bond between two nonmetals involves the sharing of electrons. However, one of the
larger charges	atoms has a higher electron affinity, meaning it attracts the electrons in the bond more than the other atom. What type of bond is this?
smaller ionic radii	O Pure Covalent
	O Polar covalent
15 4 points	
The range of atomic radii for small to large atoms is approximately	
O .5 to 300 Å	O Metallic
O 1 to 1000 Å	
O 50 to 300 Å	22 6 points
O .5 to 3 Å	Select all the covalent compounds below:
	\square Br ₂ \square H ₂ O
O 40 to 5000 Å	CH ₄ NH ₃
	CO ₂ LiBr
16 4 points	
Which of the following best ranks the neutral elements P, Ge, and O from smallest to	CaO HCI
largest atomic radius?	
() O < Ge < P	23 4 points
O Ge < P < O	Select all the compounds below that have ionic bonds.
O Ge < O < P	
O P < O < Ge	
O < P < Ge	
-	☐ MgCl ₂ ☐ FeCl ₃
17 4 points	LiBr
17 4 points The smallest atomic radius in a particular period will be the	
O alkaline earth metal	
	24 4 points
O halogen	Which type of bond is found in each of the following compounds? HBr
O noble gas	I ₂
🔿 alkali metal	LiBr
	O HBr: ionic O HBr: covalent
18 4 points	I ₂ : covalent I ₂ : covalent
Which of the following species is most likely to lose an electron to form a cation?	LiBr: covalent LiBr: ionic
O Carbon	O HBr: ionic
O Oxygen	I ₂ : covalent O HBr: covalent LiBr: ionic I ₂ : ionic
O Sodium	LiBr: ionic I2: Ionic LiBr: covalent
O Fluorine	
_	25 4 points
19 4 points	What are the bonds in the following molecules?
Which of the following is expected to have the highest electronegativity?	HCI Br ₂
O Magnesium	KCI
O Sodium	O HCI: covalent O HCI: ionic
O Chlorine	Br ₂ : covalent Br ₂ : covalent
O Carbon	KCI: ionic KCI: covalent
	O HCI: ionic O HCI: ionic
	Br ₂ : ionic Br ₂ : covalent KCI: covalent KCI: ionic
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