## HW04 - Introduction to Compounds

1 4 points	8 4 points
Complete the sentence regarding the energy levels of an electron in the hydrogen atom.	What is the formula for magnesium phosphate?
As the principal quantum number increases,	O Mg <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
O the spacing between successive energy levels increases	O Mg <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
O the spacing between successive energy levels decreases	O Mg <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
O the spacing between successive energy levels remains constant	O Mg(PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
O the energy levels remain degenerate	
_	O MgPO <sub>4</sub>
2 4 points	
Which of these atoms have unpaired electrons?  oxygen	9 4 points What is the formula for sodium phosphite?
magnesium	Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
nitrogen	O Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>
neon	
lieur	O Na <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>
	O NaPO <sub>3</sub>
4 points  How many total electrons are in the oxide anion?	O Na(PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
O 4	
O 6	10 3 points
O 8	What is the name of Na <sub>2</sub> S?
O 12	O disodium sulfide
O 10	osodium sulfate
	o sodious sulfous
4 4 points	o sodium sulfide
The metal Ca and the nonmetal Br form an ionic bond. What is the formula for this ionic	disodium sulfurous
compound?	O sodium sulfite
O Ca <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>3</sub>	_
O Ca <sub>2</sub> Br	4 points
O Ca <sub>3</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	Compared to a nonmetal in the same period, a metal is more likely to its valenc shell and form a
O CaBr <sub>2</sub>	fill, anion
○ CaBr	fill, cation
	empty, anion
5 4 points	empty, cation
Strontium (Sr) and chlorine (Cl) come together to make a bond. What type of compound	
is formed and what is its formula?  Covalent, SrCl <sub>2</sub>	12 4 points
	Select the ionic compound with the strongest theoretical ionic bond strength.
O Covalent, Sr <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	O Nal
O lonic, SrCl	○ KF
O lonic, SrCl <sub>2</sub>	О ксі
	O NaF
6 4 points	
An example of iron oxidizing to form rust involves oxide forming an ionic compound with iron(III). What is the formula of this ionic compound?	13 4 points
O Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Select the ionic compound with the highest theoretical lattice energy.
O FeO	O MgCl <sub>2</sub>
O Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	O CaBr <sub>2</sub>
O FeO <sub>3</sub>	O Cal <sub>2</sub>
	O Mgl <sub>2</sub>
O Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
	14 3 points
7 4 points  Construit forms an ionic compound with hydroxide. What is the formula for this	A stronger ionic bond is typically associated with the ions having
Cobalt(II) forms an ionic compound with hydroxide. What is the formula for this compound?	select all that apply
O OH <sub>2</sub> Co	larger ionic radii
O CoOH <sub>2</sub>	larger charges
О с₀он	smaller ionic radii
O Co(OH) <sub>3</sub>	greater charge density
O Co(OH) <sub>2</sub>	
<b>→</b> 14	

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4 points  The range of atomic radii for small to large atoms is approximately	22 6 points Select all the covalent compounds below:
40 to 5000 Å	CH <sub>4</sub>
O 1 to 1000 Å	☐ Br <sub>2</sub>
O .5 to 300 Å	H <sub>2</sub> O
O 50 to 300 Å	_ CO <sub>2</sub>
O .5 to 3 Å	
	☐ CaO
	HCI
4 points	□ NH <sub>3</sub>
Which of the following best ranks the neutral elements P, Ge, and O from smallest to largest atomic radius?	LiBr
Ge < O < P	
O < P < Ge	23 4 points
O P < O < Ge	Select all the compounds below that have ionic bonds.
O Ge < P < O	LiBr
O < Ge < P	$\square$ H <sub>2</sub> O
	MgCl <sub>2</sub>
47	FeCl <sub>3</sub>
4 points  The applicat stancia radius in a positivular pariod will be the	
The smallest atomic radius in a particular period will be the	NaCl
) alkali metal	☐ CH <sub>3</sub> OH
O halogen	HBr
O alkaline earth metal	
O noble gas	
	24 4 points
	Which type of bond is found in each of the following compounds?  HBr
4 points	I <sub>2</sub>
Which of the following species is most likely to lose an electron to form a cation?	LiBr
Carbon	O 112
O Sodium	O HBr: covalent
O Fluorine	LiBr: ionic
Oxygen	
	O HBr: ionic
	l <sub>2</sub> : covalent
4 points	LiBr: covalent
Which of the following is expected to have the highest electronegativity?	O HBr: ionic
Magnesium	l <sub>2</sub> : covalent LiBr: ionic
O Chlorine	
O Carbon	O HBr: covalent I <sub>2</sub> : ionic
OSodium	LiBr: covalent
	05 4 11
20 4 points	25 4 points
Hydrofluoric acid, HF, makes a polar covalent bond. Which of the following best describes the bond?	What are the bonds in the following molecules? HCl
There is an unequal sharing of electrons, resulting in a partial negative and partial	Br <sub>2</sub>
positive	KCI
There is an equal sharing of electrons, resulting in a partial negative and partial	O HCl: ionic
positive	Br <sub>2</sub> : covalent KCI: covalent
O There is an unequal sharing of electrons, resulting in completely neutral charges	
on each atom	HCl: ionic Br <sub>2</sub> : ionic
There is an equal sharing of electrons, resulting in completely neutral charges on	KCl: covalent
each atom	HCI: covalent
	Br <sub>2</sub> : covalent
21 4 points	KCl: ionic
A bond between two nonmetals involves the sharing of electrons. However, one of the	O HCI: ionic
atoms has a higher electron affinity, meaning it attracts the electrons in the bond more	Br <sub>2</sub> : covalent
than the other atom. What type of bond is this?	KCl: ionic
O Metallic	
O Polar covalent	
Olonic	

O Pure Covalent